### PISA

# PISA 2022 Creative Thinking assessment

NEQMAP webinar, 14 March 2023





#### Programme for International Student Assessment

- ☐ Every three years since 2000
- ☐ 15-year-old students in over 80 countries
- ☐ 2-hour test
  - Reading, mathematics and science
  - "Innovative domain"
- ☐ Background student, teacher and school leader questionnaires
  - Personal/professional background
  - School environment and resources
  - Attitudes





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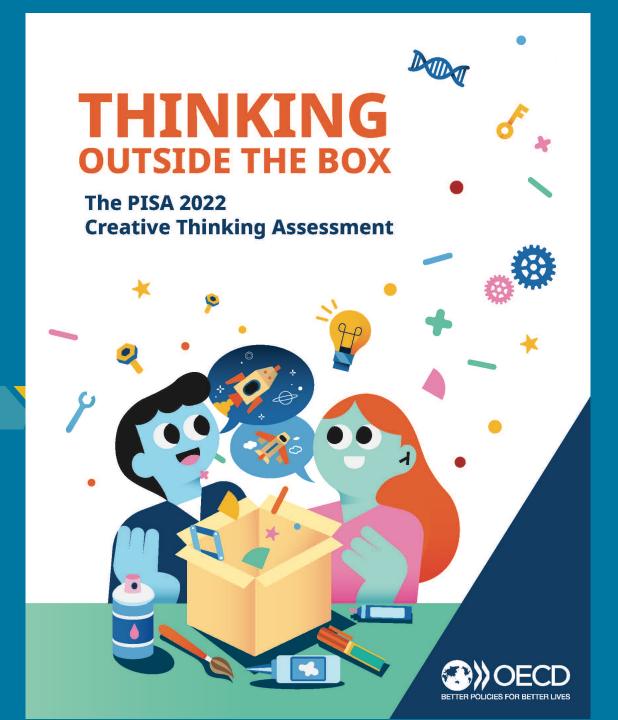


#### Why should PISA assess creative thinking?



- Creative insights move human civilization forward
- Societies increasingly depend on innovation and knowledge creation to address emerging challenges
- Creativity cannot easily be replaced by Al
- Creative thinking can support deep understanding, self-fulfilment and engagement

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Defining creativity and creative thinking

1 Chapter



#### Who can **think creatively**?

"Big C" creativity



"Little c" creativity

#### What is **creative thinking** in PISA 2022?

"...the competence to engage productively in the generation, evaluation and improvement of ideas that can result in original and effective solutions, advances in knowledge, and impactful expressions of imagination"







## Creative thinking in the classroom

#### Three interconnected dimensions



Individual enablers

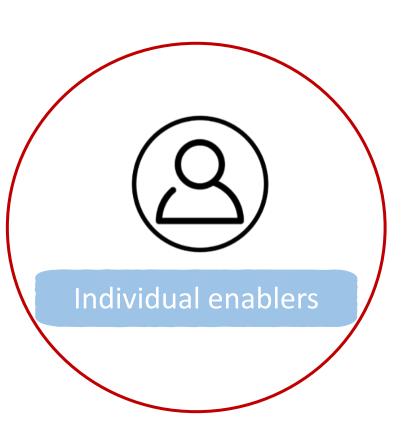


Socio-cultural enablers



Forms of engagement

#### Three interconnected dimensions





Socio-cultural enablers



Forms of engagement

#### **Individual** enablers



Cognitive skills



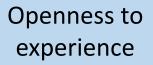
Domain readiness



Goal orientation



Task motivation





Collaboration with others

#### Three interconnected dimensions



Individual enablers





Forms of engagement

#### Socio-cultural enablers



Cultural norms and expectations



Educational approaches



Classroom climate

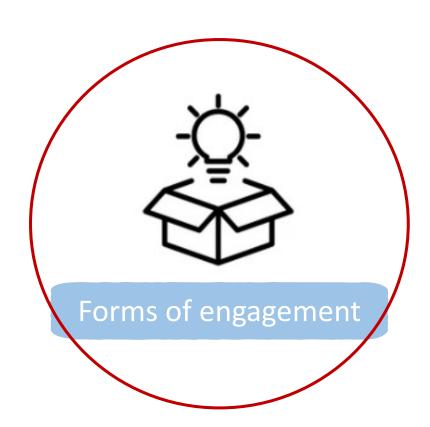
#### Three interconnected dimensions



Individual enablers



Socio-cultural enablers



#### Forms of creative **engagement**



Creative expression



Knowledge creation



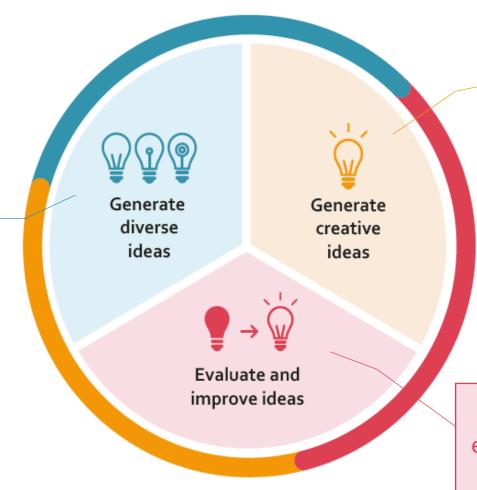
Creative problem solving

The PISA 2022 creative thinking assessment Chapter



#### How do we **measure** creative thinking in PISA 2022?

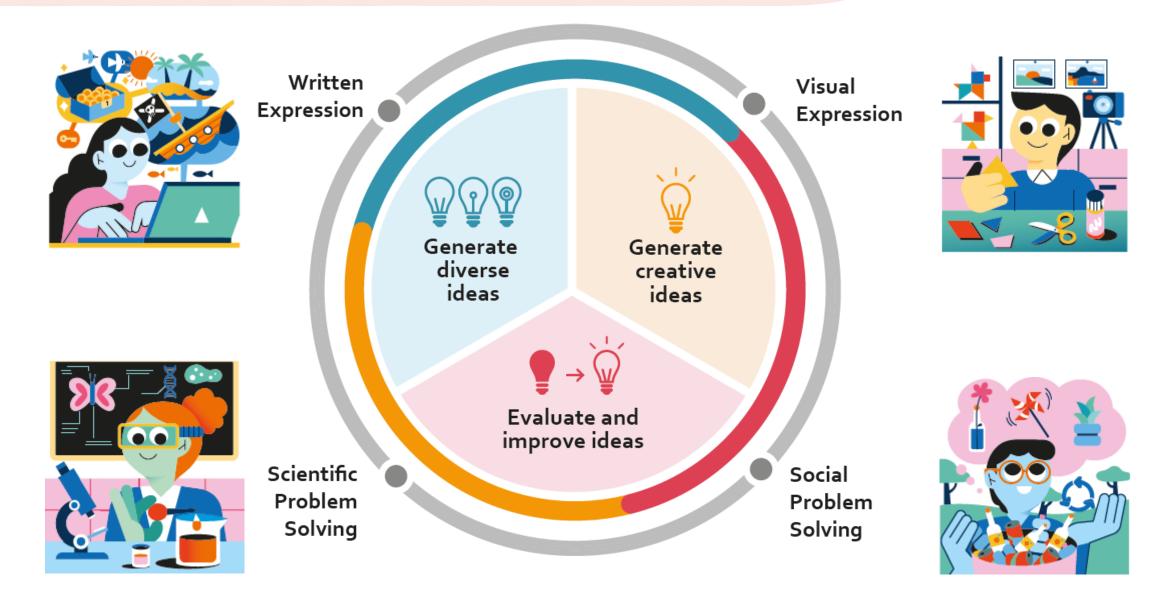
"Divergent thinking" –
encompasses ideational
fluency (number of ideas) and
ideational flexibility
(difference of ideas)



Focus on appropriateness and originality (statistical infrequency) as a proxy for novelty and usefulness of ideas

"Convergent thinking" –
encompasses identifying and
remediating weaknesses of
ideas

#### How do we **measure** creative thinking in PISA 2022?



#### **Example**: Written expression (generate creative ideas)

Refer to the image on the right.

Now that you have some practice with the game, try to write one creative story that connects the six images on the right in the order they appear. Your story will receive a high score if it is original, demonstrates a rich imagination and is well structured.

We recommend that you spend no longer than 5 minutes on this question, and use no more than 80 words.

Write your story here



#### How do we score the tasks?









Fully human coded scoring

Well-defined coding procedure for each facet

Detailed coding rubrics for each task

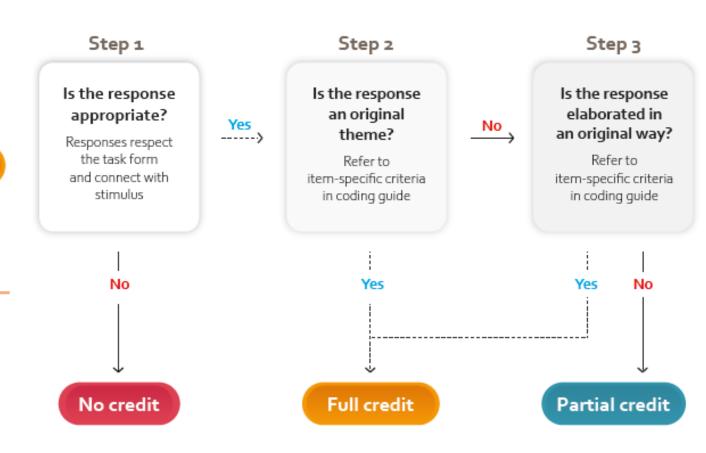
 Validated through country review and genuine student data from multiple pilots

#### Step 1 Step 2 Are responses Are responses sufficiently appropriate? Yes→ different? Responses respect the task form and Refer to connect with item-specific criteria stimulus in coding guide but not all Yes all No Partial credit Full credit No credit

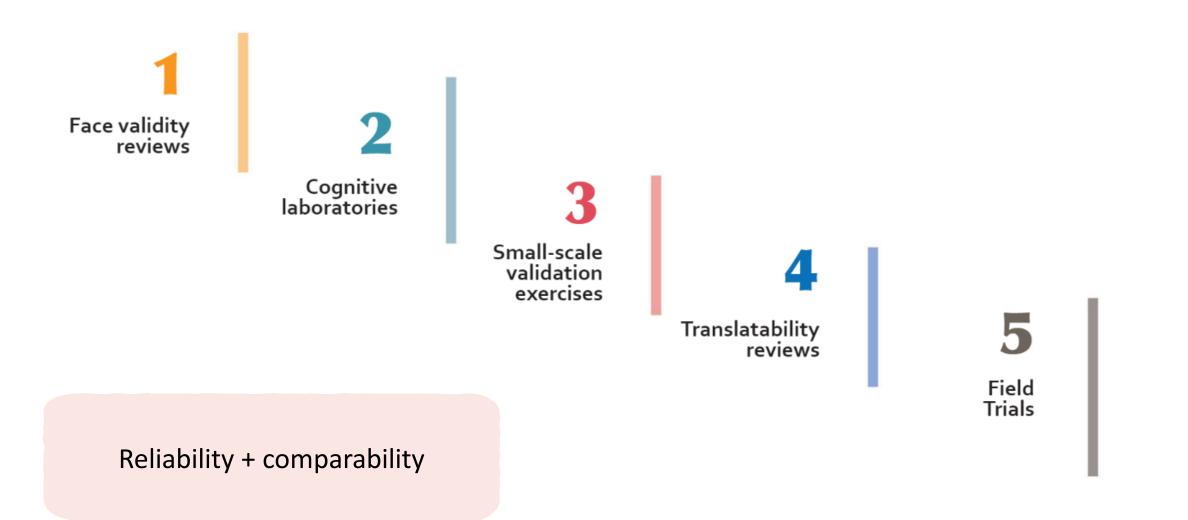
Generate diverse ideas

#### Fixed coding procedures for each facet

Generate creative / evaluate and improve ideas



#### How have we **validated** the assessment?



#### What can we learn about education systems from these assessments?









- 1. A **snapshot** of comparative performance by students around the world
- 2. Insight into performance **strengths and weaknesses** by country
- 3. Correlation between creative thinking and core literacies
- 4. Correlation between creative thinking and education policies and practices

#### What else can we learn from the data?



#### **Individual-level factors**

- Curiosity and exploration
- Beliefs about creativity
- Creative self-efficacy



#### **Environmental factors**

- School environment
- Creative activities in school